

# Give credit to your sources

You have to do it to meet standard on the essay, but *how* do you do it?

Short answer: Tell your reader \_\_\_\_\_  
you got the \_\_\_\_\_ you're  
\_\_\_\_\_.

## The formula for citations

1. Start your sentence with a \_\_\_\_\_.
2. State the title and author of your \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Follow with the \_\_\_\_\_  
  - Textual evidence can be a quotation, a paraphrase, or a summary from a text or film.
  - If you're copying \_\_\_\_\_ words, use quotation marks.

## A few sentence stems for citing sources

According to \_\_\_\_*[source]*\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_*[paraphrased or quoted textual evidence]*\_\_\_\_.

In the text \_\_\_\_*[title]*\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_*[author]*\_\_\_\_ writes, “\_\_\_\_*[quoted textual evidence]*\_\_\_\_.”

One example can be found in \_\_\_\_*[title and author]*\_\_\_\_, which states that \_\_\_\_*[paraphrased or quoted textual evidence]*\_\_\_\_.

This is shown in \_\_\_\_*[source]*\_\_\_\_, which tells about \_\_\_\_*[summarized textual evidence]*\_\_\_\_.

## Practice with some random facts!

Write sentences with the following examples of textual evidence about a random topic, giving credit to the source. Use the sentence stems provided.

1. *Textual evidence:* Over 100,000 people have applied to colonize Mars in 2022.  
*Author:* CNN.com *Title:* One-way ticket to Mars.
2. *Textual evidence:* A teaspoon of honey is actually the life work of twelve bees.  
*Author:* Debbie Hadley *Title:* Ten fascinating facts about honey bees.
3. *Textual evidence:* “Continents split up at the same speed that fingernails grow.”  
*Author:* Nicholas St. Fleur, New York Times. *Title:* Plate tectonics.